



False-color image of visible reflectance from a coccolithophore bloom in the North Atlantic, south of Iceland, taken on June 18 1991. Color scale represents a continuum from purple areas representing regions of lowest visible reflectance to red areas representing regions of highest visible reflectance caused by dense concentrations of coccoliths. [Data are Rayleigh-corrected channel 1 results from the AVHRR instrument on the NOAA 11 satellite. Original data supplied by P. E. Baylis (Satellite Receiving Station, University of Dundee, United Kingdom) and processed by S. B. Groom (Plymouth Marine Laboratory, United Kingdom).]